

Faculty of: Computer Science Course: Bachelor of Computer Applications Semester: I Subject Code: IKS201-1C Subject Name: INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM

				Teachin g hours/ Week					Evaluation Scheme/ Semester								
Sı							Credi	Credi	Theory			Tutorial / Practic			cal		
N 0	Categor y	Subjec t Code	Subject Name	T			t hours	t Contir Points Comp		ntinuous and mprehensive Evaluation	End Semester Exams		Internal Assessment		End Semester Exams		Tota
									M ar ks	Marks	Mar ks	Duratio n	Mark s	Duratio n	Mark s	Duratio n	1
7	IKS	IKS20 1-1C	INDIAN KNOWLED GE SYSTEM	2	-		2	2	10 10 05	Assignment MCQ Attendance	2 5	1					50

AIM:

To know basic knowledge about architecture of the Ancient Indian Knowledge System • and to develop an overall understanding of their role and relevance to the contemporary society.

UNIT-1. Introduction to Indian Knowledge System

- Overview of knowledge and traditional knowledge, non-traditional knowledge
- Ancient method of procuring traditional knowledge
- Modern methods of procuring non-traditional knowledge.
- Challenges to Traditional knowledge in modern times •

UNIT-2. Meaning and importance of Indian Knowledge Systems (6 Lectures)

- Meaning of knowledge systems •
- Characteristics and components of knowledge systems
- Domains of Education in India: Gurukul system, paathshala, Vidhyalaya, Vishvavidhyalay.
- Indian knowledge system in modern scenario. •
- Preserving Indian knowledge system in modern India. •

UNIT-3. Literary scholars of Ancient India.

Kanad, Pingala, Maharshi Vyas, Sage manu, Sage parasar, Banbhatta, Nagarjuna, • Panini.

UNIT-4. Mathematical and Scientific scholars of Ancient India. (4 Lectures)

Aryabhatt, Mahaviracharya, Baudhayana, Bhaskaracharya, Varamihira, Bhramgupta

UNIT-5. Medical and Yogic Scholars.

• Charak, Susruta, Maharshi Patajali, Dhanwantari.

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(3 Lectures)

(5 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

UNIT-6. Development of Arts in ancient India.

• Vyakaran shastra in Ancient India, Krishi shastra in ancient india,

- Shilpshastra in ancient India, Vastu Shastra in ancient India,
- Natya Shastra in ancient India, Sangeet Shstra in ancient India.

UNIT-7. History of Indian Economic Thought

- What is Indian Economic Thought?
- Economic thought from: Dharm Shstra, The Manusmruti, Shukraniti, Mahabharat
- Economic lessons from kautilya's Chanakya Niti.

Arrangement of lectures duration and practical session as per defined credit numbers:

Units		Duration Hrs.)	Cre	ation of dits mbers)	Total Lecture Duration	Credit Calculation	
	Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	Theory+ Practical	Theory+ Practical	
Unit – 1	03	00			03		
Unit – 2	06	00			06		
Unit – 3	05	00			05		
Unit – 4	04	00	2	0	04	2	
Unit – 5	04	00			04		
Unit – 6	04	00			04		
Unit – 7	04	00			04		
TOTAL	30	00	2	0	30	2	

Evaluation:

Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Total Marks
50	00	50

Reference Books:

1. Indian Knowledge System-1: C. Jamnadas and Co.

(4 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)